



RCT

Rigid Rogowski coil

- High linearity from 1A to 100kA
- Wide dynamic range
- No danger from open-circuited secondary
- Not damaged by large overloads
- Non-intrusive, no power drawn from the main
- Measurement uniformity at any position of the conductor inside the coil
- Excellent degree of rejection to the external current conductor

Feature

RCT is a rigid current transducer based on Rogowski principle, particularly suitable for measurement in combination with portable devices. RCT coils are limited in different sizes but competitive cost, therefore they can be used in fixed application like power distribution box.

RCT coil is provided with a shield against the influence of external magnetic fields, therefore it grants a stable measurement from low currents to hundreds of kA. The Rogowski coils must be connected to an electronic integrator for 90° phase shift compensation and frequency equalization. Our DIN-RAIL and panel meters can interface Rogowski coils directly without the need of the external integrators. This is an advantage because there is no external boxes or any power supply with consequent ease of use. The particular features of the Rogowski coils combined with the extremely flexible input programming of our portable meters, allow to carry out measurement by all applications.



Advantage

- Competitive cost
- · 4 windows selectable
- · Higher output ratio
- Lower zero drift down to 0.1mV

Related Products

S1 D1 S9 SW A01 A05 ME631 ME432

Applications

- Measuring devices, lab instrumentation
- Power monitoring & control systems
- DC ripple measurement
- Harmonics and transients monitoring
- Power meter,Power analyzer sensor

What is a Rogowski coil?

Rogowski coils have been used for the detection and measurement of electric currents for decades. They are based on a simple principle: an "air-cored" coil is placed around the conductor in a toroidal fashion and the magnetic field produced by the current induces a voltage in the coil. The voltage output is proportional to the rate of change of current. This voltage is integrated, thus producing an output proportional to the current. By using precision winding techniques, especially developed for the purpose, the coils are manufactured so that their output is not influenced by the position of the conductor within the toroid, and to reject interference from external magnetic fields caused, for example, from nearby conductors.Basically, a Rogowski coil current measuring system consists of a combination of a coil and conditioning electronics.Rogowski coil current transducers are used for the AC measurement.

They can be used in similar circumstances to current transformers but for many applications they have considerable advantages:

- · Wide dynamic range.
- High linearity.
- Very useful with large size or awkward shaped conductors or in places with limited access. Thanks to the structure without hard core, the coil can be easily manufactured according to the application or to the available space.
- Unlike traditional current transducers, there is no danger from open-circuited secondaries.
- They cannot be damaged by large overloads.
- They are non-intrusive. They draw no power from the main circuit carrying the current to be measured.
- They are also light weighted and in some applications are light enough to be suspended on the conductor being measured.

The transducer does not measure direct currents but, unlike a current transformer, it can carry out accurate measurements of AC component even if there is a large superimposed DC component, since there is no iron core causing saturation. This feature is particularly useful for measuring ripple currents for example in battery charging systems.

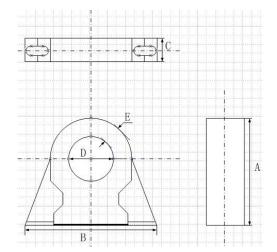


Specification

MODEL	RCT-35	RCT-45	RCT-100	RCT-150	
Window size	35mm	45mm	100mm	150mm	
Weight	110g	120g	130g	150g	
Output(Di/Dt)	150mV/	150mV/kA@50Hz 100mV/kA@50Hz			
Read Accuracy		Uncalibrated < 5% tolerance (central position, 25℃)			
Maximum current measurable	100kA				
Coil Resistance		from 50 to 29	50 Ω or 10kΩ		
Lead length		2m	eter		
Temperature		200	ppm/C		
Output on 0A (zero drift)		≤0.′	ImV		
Phase error		≤0	.5°		
Linearity		±0.2% of reading			
Bandwidth	1Hz to 100kHz(-3dB)				
Operating temperature	-30℃ to 80℃				
Storage temperature		-40°C to 90°C			
	Other requir	ements, please contac	t us to OEM.		



Dimensions



Туре	A (mm)	B (mm)	C (mm)	D(mm)	E(mm)
RCS-20	60	69	20	20	25
RCS-25	69.5	80	23	25	28.7
RCS-35	90	100	30	35	37
RCS-45	101.5	120	34	45	45.5
RCS-55	126	150	36	55	53.5
RCS-72	150	175	42	72	67
RCS-100	131	135	26	100	17
RCS-150	187	188	27	150	20

Materials

Housing	ABS+PC
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Safety

	CE marked		
Certifications	Complies with EMC EN 61326-1 2006		
	IP68		
Voltage inculation	Housing: 10kV		
Voltage insulation	Signal cable:1000V		
Safety	1000V CATIII ,600V CATIV		



Safety and warning notes

In order to guarantee safe operation of the transducer and to be able to make proper use of all features and functions, please read these instructions thoroughly! Safe operation can only be guaranteed if the transducer is used for the purpose it has been designed for and within the limits of the technical specifications. Ensure you get up-to-date technical information that can be found in the latest associated datasheet under www.meatrol.cn

Caution!Risk of danger

Ignoring the warnings can lead to serious injury and/or cause damage!

The electric measuring transducer may only be installed and put into operation by qualified personnel that have received an appropriate training, The corresponding national regulations shall be observed during installation and operation of the transducer and any electrical conductor. The transducer shall be used in electric/electronic equipment the respect to applicable standards and safety requirements and in accordance with all the related systems and components manufacturers' operating instructions.

Caution!Risk of electrical shock

When operating the transducer, certain parts of the module may carry hazardous live voltage(e.g. primary conductor). The user shall ensure to take all measures necessary to protect against electrical shock. The transducer is a build-in device containing conducting parts that shall not be accessible after installation. A protective enclosure or additional insulation barrier may be necessary. Installation and maintenance shall be done with the main power supply disconnected except if there are no hazardous live parts in or in close proximity to the system and if the applicable national regulations are fully observed.

Safe and trouble-free operation of this transducer can only be guaranteed if transport, storage and installation are carried out correctly and operation and maintenance are carried out with care.

WARING!

Do not stress the coil by applying any kind of mechanical force(ie.twisting,puncturing,excessive pressure,tight bending,etc.) which will dramatically degrade the device's accuracy.



Order code

Coil:

Coil Model	Coil length (mm)	Output ratio and tolerance	Signal cable lengtl
		Code:105	
	Code:200(Typical rated 500A)	105mV/kA@50Hz±5%	
	Code:350(Typical rated 1500A)	Code:100	
		100mV/kA@50Hz±0.5%	
Code:Y-FCT (without integrator)	Code:510(Typical rated 3kA)	Code:95	Code:-2m
		95mV/kA@50Hz±5%	Code:-5m
		Code:85	Code:-10m
		85mV/kA@50Hz±0.5%	Code:-20m
	Code:800(Typical rated 10kA)	Code:50	
		50mV/kA@50Hz±5%	
		Code:30	
		30mV/kA@50Hz±0.5%	
	Code:420(Typical rated 2kA)	Code:120	Code:-2m
Code:FCT	Code:510(Typical rated 3kA)	120mV/kA@50Hz±5%	Code:-5m
(without integrator)	Code:620(Typical rated 6kA)	Code:100	Code:-10m
	Code:800(Typical rated 10kA)	100mV/kA@50Hz±0.5%	Code:-20m
	Other requirement c	ould be OEM	

Final Code=Coil model+Coil length+Output ratio tolerance+Signal cable length

For example:

Y-FCT-350-100-2m is Y shape connector,coil length 350mm,output 100mV/kA@50Hz 0.5% tolerance,signal cable length is 2meter.

Integrator:

Integrator	Output form	Output value	Rated current	Power supply
Code:D1 (DIN-RAIL integrator)	Code: .1(AC voltage output) Code: .2(DC voltage output)	Code: -333(333mV) Code: -1(1V) Code: -3(3V) Code: -5(5V)	Code: -500A Code: -1kA _Code: -3kA	Code: -12(12V DC) Code: -24(24V DC)
	Code: .3(4-20mA output)	N/A	Code: -10kA	
Code:S9 (mini integrator)	Code: .1(AC voltage output) Code: .2(DC voltage output)	Code: -333(333mV) Code: -1(1V) Code: -3(3V)	Code: -500A Code: -1kA Code: -3kA Code: -10kA	Code: -12(6-12V DC) Code: -24(24V DC)



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Code: .1(AC voltage output) Code: .2(DC voltage output) Code: .3(4-20mA output) Code: .1(AC voltage output) Code: .2(DC voltage output)	Code: -333(333mV) Code: -1(1V) Code: -3(3V) Code: -10(10V) Code: -333(333mV) Code: -1(1V) Code: -3(3V) Code: -10(10V)	Code: -500A Code: -1kA Code: -3kA Code: -10kA Code: -500A Code: -1kA Code: -1kA Code: -3kA Code: -10kA	Code: -12(4-12V DC) Code: -24(24V DC) Code: -12(4-12V DC) Code: -24(24V DC)
Code: .2(DC voltage output)	Code: -1(1V) Code: -3(3V) Code: -10(10V)	Code: -1kA Code: -3kA Code: -10kA	, ,
N/A (0-1A)	N/A	Code: -500A	
	N/A	Code: -1kA Code: -3kA Code: -10kA	N/A(85-265V AC DC)
N/A (0-5A)	N/A	Code: -500A Code: -1kA Code: -3kA Code: -10kA	N/A(85-265V AC DC)
N/A (0-10VDC)	N/A	Code: -10kA Code: -50kA Code: -100kA Code: -500kA	Code: -12(4-12V DC) Code: -24(24V DC)
N/A (0-10VAC peak)	N/A	Code: -1kA(1kA/1V) Code: -10kA(10kA/1V)	N/A(4-12V DC)
N/A (0-5VAC peak)	Code: -333(333mV) Code: -1(1V)	Code: -100A Code: -500A Code: -1kA Code: -3kA	Code: -3.3(±3.3V DC) Code: -5(±5V DC)
	N/A (0-5VAC peak)	Code: -333(333mV) Code: -1(1V)	Code: -1kA(1kA/1V) Code: -10kA(10kA/1V) Code: -100A Code: -333(333mV) Code: -500A Code: -1(1V) Code: -1kA

Final Code=Integrator+Output form+Output value+Rated current+Power supply

For example:

D1.1-1-500A-12 is D1 integrator,AC voltage output,500A rated,output 1V,power supply 12V DC A01-1kA is A01 integrator,rated 1kA,output 1A,power supply 85-265V AC DC